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1. #%%
2. #pip install pingouin
3. import numpy as np
4. import pandas as pd
5. import statsmodels.api as sm
6. import statsmodels.formula.api as smf
7. from statsmodels import regression
8. import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
9. import sympy as sym
10. from pandas import ExcelWriter
11. from pandas import ExcelFile
12. from datetime import datetime, timedelta
13. from datetime import timedelta
14.
15. # Leser inn excel filer for prisdata, tilbakekjøp og Oslo børs index (dfoseax)
16. df2000 = pd.read_excel('/Users/sindr/Dropbox/Master Thesis/PythonData/Manipulert_data/stock_returns00-09.xlsx')
17. df2010 = pd.read_excel('/Users/sindr/Dropbox/Master Thesis/PythonData/Manipulert_data/stock_returns10-18.xlsx')
18. dfbuyback = pd.read_excel('/Users/sindr/Dropbox/Master Thesis/PythonData/Manipulert_data/buyback10-18-Hoved.xlsx')
19. dfoseax = pd.read_excel('/Users/sindr/Dropbox/Master Thesis/PythonData/Manipulert_data/OSEAX95.xlsx')
20. dfRiskfree = pd.read_excel('/Users/sindr/Dropbox/Master Thesis/PythonData/Manipulert_data/RiskFreeRate.xlsx')
21.
22. # Endrer format på alle datasett for å kunne bruke datoer videre som referanse
23. df2000['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df2000['Date']).dt.date
24. df2010['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df2010['Date']).dt.date
25. dfbuyback['payment_date'] = pd.to_datetime(dfbuyback['payment_date']).dt.date
26. dfoseax['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(dfoseax['Date']).dt.date
27. dfbuyback.rename(columns={'payment_date': 'Date'}, inplace=True)
28. dfRiskfree['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(dfRiskfree['Date']).dt.date
29.
30. # Sletter uviktige kolonner fra datasett
31. del df2000['Company']
32. del df2000['NoSharesTraded']
33. del df2000['Dividend']
34. del df2000['RiskPremium']
35. del df2000['SharesOutstanding']
36.
37. del df2010['Company']
38. del df2010['NoSharesTraded']
39. del df2010['Dividend']
40. del df2010['RiskPremium']
41. del df2010['SharesOutstanding']
42.
43. #del dfbuyback['no_shares_repurchased']
44. del dfbuyback['Industry']
45. del dfbuyback['Program']
46. del dfbuyback['Oppstart']
47. del dfbuyback['Avsluttet']
48. del dfbuyback['Intangibles']
49. del dfbuyback['Goodwill']
50. del dfbuyback['Total_assets']
51. del dfbuyback['Dummy_2']
52. del dfbuyback['Dummy_1']
53. del dfbuyback['Dummy_int']
54. del dfbuyback['Dummy_int_t']
55.
56.
57. # Tar bort duplicater i dfbuyback grunnet noen selskap gjennomfører 2 tilbakekjøp s
   amme dag
58. #dfbuyback = dfbuyback.drop_duplicates(subset=['OBI_SEC_ID', 'Date'])
59. #%%
60.

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61. # Setter sammen prisdata for alle selskaper på Oslo Børs før og etter 2010
62. dfconcatall = pd.concat([df2000,df2010], sort=False)
63.
64. # Legger til alle tilbakekjøp i datasettet, nå inneholder datasettet all informasjon vi trenger på hver selskap
65. dfmerged = pd.merge(dfconcatall, dfbuyback, on=['OBI_SEC_ID', 'Date'], how='outer')
66.
67. # Slette alle selskaper som ikke har kjøpt tilbake aksjer
68. antall = dfbuyback[['OBI_SEC_ID']].drop_duplicates('OBI_SEC_ID').reset_index(drop=True)
69. dfmergedbuyback = pd.merge(dfmerged, antall, on=['OBI_SEC_ID'])
70. dffinal = pd.merge(dfmergedbuyback, dfosex, on = ['Date'])
71. # OBS: Går fra 578437 rows i dfmergedbuyback til 541295 rows når man merger på dfosex. Mulig grunnet vi kun har datoer fra 2009 påosex.
72.
73. # Reset index for dffinal for bruk i steg 2
74. dffinal = dffinal.sort_values(by = ['OBI_SEC_ID', 'Date'], ascending = True).reset_index(drop = True)
75.
76.
77.
78. # Trekker ut rows i dfbuyback med dummy lik 1
79. dfbuyback1 = dfbuyback.query("Dummy_uten_ansatte == 1").reset_index(drop=True)
80. antall_int_company = dfbuyback1[['OBI_SEC_ID']].drop_duplicates('OBI_SEC_ID').reset_index(drop=True)
81.
82. %% Tilbakekjøp per selskap
83.
84. test = dfbuyback1['OBI_SEC_ID'].value_counts()
85.
86.
87. test_1 = test.between(1, 1, inclusive=True).sum()
88. test_under_20 = test.between(2, 10, inclusive=True).sum()
89. test_under_50 = test.between(11, 50, inclusive=True).sum()
90. test_under_100 = test.between(51, 100, inclusive=True).sum()
91. test_over_100 = test.between(101, 750, inclusive=True).sum()
92.
93. #Average repurchase before the 30-day filter
94. test_avg = test.sum()/len(test)
95.
96. #Reelle etter 30-day filter
97. test_2 = dato_events['OBI_SEC_ID'].value_counts()
98.
99. #Average repurchase after 30-day filter
100. test_2_avg = test_2.sum()/len(test_2)
101.
102. # Verdi tilbakekjøpt
103. dfbuyback1['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'] = dfbuyback1['no_shares_repurchased'] * dfbuyback1['share price']
104. totalt_tilbakekjøp = dfbuyback1['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
105. %% Totalt tilbakekjøp fordelt på år
106.
107.
108. #Year 2010
109. start_2010 = '01-01-2010'
110. start_date_2010 = datetime.strptime(start_2010, '%m-%d-%Y').date()
111. slutt_2010 = '12-31-2010'
112. slutt_date_2010 = datetime.strptime(slutt_2010, '%m-%d-%Y').date()
113. tilbakekjøp_2010 = dfbuyback1.loc[(dfbuyback1['Date'] >= start_date_2010) & (dfbuyback1['Date'] <= slutt_date_2010)]
114. totalt_tilbakekjøp_2010 = tilbakekjøp_2010['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
115.
116. #Year 2011
117. start_2011 = '01-01-2011'
118. start_date_2011 = datetime.strptime(start_2011, '%m-%d-%Y').date()

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119.     slutt_2011 = '12-31-2011'
120.     slutt_date_2011 = datetime.strptime(slutt_2011, '%m-%d-%Y').date()
121.     tilbakekjøp_2011 = dfbuyback1.loc[(dfbuyback1['Date'] >= start_date_2011) &
(dfbuyback1['Date'] <= slutt_date_2011)]
122.     totalt_tilbakekjøp_2011 = tilbakekjøp_2011['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
123.
124.     #Year 2012
125.     start_2012 = '01-01-2012'
126.     start_date_2012 = datetime.strptime(start_2012, '%m-%d-%Y').date()
127.     slutt_2012 = '12-31-2012'
128.     slutt_date_2012 = datetime.strptime(slutt_2012, '%m-%d-%Y').date()
129.     tilbakekjøp_2012 = dfbuyback1.loc[(dfbuyback1['Date'] >= start_date_2012) &
(dfbuyback1['Date'] <= slutt_date_2012)]
130.     totalt_tilbakekjøp_2012 = tilbakekjøp_2012['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
131.
132.     #Year 2013
133.     start_2013 = '01-01-2013'
134.     start_date_2013 = datetime.strptime(start_2013, '%m-%d-%Y').date()
135.     slutt_2013 = '12-31-2013'
136.     slutt_date_2013 = datetime.strptime(slutt_2013, '%m-%d-%Y').date()
137.     tilbakekjøp_2013 = dfbuyback1.loc[(dfbuyback1['Date'] >= start_date_2013) &
(dfbuyback1['Date'] <= slutt_date_2013)]
138.     totalt_tilbakekjøp_2013 = tilbakekjøp_2013['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
139.
140.     #Year 2014
141.     start_2014 = '01-01-2014'
142.     start_date_2014 = datetime.strptime(start_2014, '%m-%d-%Y').date()
143.     slutt_2014 = '12-31-2014'
144.     slutt_date_2014 = datetime.strptime(slutt_2014, '%m-%d-%Y').date()
145.     tilbakekjøp_2014 = dfbuyback1.loc[(dfbuyback1['Date'] >= start_date_2014) &
(dfbuyback1['Date'] <= slutt_date_2014)]
146.     totalt_tilbakekjøp_2014 = tilbakekjøp_2014['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
147.
148.     #Year 2015
149.     start_2015 = '01-01-2015'
150.     start_date_2015 = datetime.strptime(start_2015, '%m-%d-%Y').date()
151.     slutt_2015 = '12-31-2015'
152.     slutt_date_2015 = datetime.strptime(slutt_2015, '%m-%d-%Y').date()
153.     tilbakekjøp_2015 = dfbuyback1.loc[(dfbuyback1['Date'] >= start_date_2015) &
(dfbuyback1['Date'] <= slutt_date_2015)]
154.     totalt_tilbakekjøp_2015 = tilbakekjøp_2015['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
155.
156.     #Year 2016
157.     start_2016 = '01-01-2016'
158.     start_date_2016 = datetime.strptime(start_2016, '%m-%d-%Y').date()
159.     slutt_2016 = '12-31-2016'
160.     slutt_date_2016 = datetime.strptime(slutt_2016, '%m-%d-%Y').date()
161.     tilbakekjøp_2016 = dfbuyback1.loc[(dfbuyback1['Date'] >= start_date_2016) &
(dfbuyback1['Date'] <= slutt_date_2016)]
162.     totalt_tilbakekjøp_2016 = tilbakekjøp_2016['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
163.
164.     #Year 2017
165.     start_2017 = '01-01-2017'
166.     start_date_2017 = datetime.strptime(start_2017, '%m-%d-%Y').date()
167.     slutt_2017 = '12-31-2017'
168.     slutt_date_2017 = datetime.strptime(slutt_2017, '%m-%d-%Y').date()
169.     tilbakekjøp_2017 = dfbuyback1.loc[(dfbuyback1['Date'] >= start_date_2017) &
(dfbuyback1['Date'] <= slutt_date_2017)]
170.     totalt_tilbakekjøp_2017 = tilbakekjøp_2017['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
171.
172.     #Year 2018
173.     start_2018 = '01-01-2018'
174.     start_date_2018 = datetime.strptime(start_2018, '%m-%d-%Y').date()
175.     slutt_2018 = '12-31-2018'
176.     slutt_date_2018 = datetime.strptime(slutt_2018, '%m-%d-%Y').date()

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177.     tilbakekjøp_2018 = dfbuyback1.loc[(dfbuyback1['Date'] >= start_date_2018) &
(dfbuyback1['Date'] <= slutt_date_2018)]
178.     totalt_tilbakekjøp_2018 = tilbakekjøp_2018['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
179.
180.     ### Totalt tilbakekjøp fordelt på sector og selskaper fra hver sector
181.
182.
183.
184.
185.
186.
187.     ###
188.
189.     test = dffinal.loc[dffinal['OBI_SEC_ID'] == 1249672]
190.     test2 = df2010.loc[df2010['OBI_SEC_ID'] == 1249672]
191.
192.
193.
194.     ### Gjennomsnittlig int_ratio for hver sector
195.
196.     sec1 = dfbuyback1.query('Dummy_sector == 1')
197.     sec_main1 = dato_events.query('Dummy_sector == 1')
198.     avg_sec1 = (sec1['Int_ratio'].sum())/len(sec1['Int_ratio'])
199.     sec1_sum = sec1['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
200.     sec1_antall = sec1[['OBI_SEC_ID']].drop_duplicates('OBI_SEC_ID').reset_index
(drop=True)
201.
202.
203.     sec2 = dfbuyback1.query('Dummy_sector == 2')
204.     avg_sec2 = (sec2['Int_ratio'].sum())/len(sec2['Int_ratio'])
205.     sec2_sum = sec2['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
206.     sec2_antall = sec2[['OBI_SEC_ID']].drop_duplicates('OBI_SEC_ID').reset_index
(drop=True)
207.
208.     sec3 = dfbuyback1.query('Dummy_sector == 3')
209.     avg_sec3 = (sec3['Int_ratio'].sum())/len(sec3['Int_ratio'])
210.     sec3_sum = sec3['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
211.     sec3_antall = sec3[['OBI_SEC_ID']].drop_duplicates('OBI_SEC_ID').reset_index
(drop=True)
212.
213.     sec4 = dfbuyback1.query('Dummy_sector == 4')
214.     avg_sec4 = (sec4['Int_ratio'].sum())/len(sec4['Int_ratio'])
215.     sec4_sum = sec4['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
216.     sec4_antall = sec4[['OBI_SEC_ID']].drop_duplicates('OBI_SEC_ID').reset_index
(drop=True)
217.
218.     sec5 = dfbuyback1.query('Dummy_sector == 5')
219.     avg_sec5 = (sec5['Int_ratio'].sum())/len(sec5['Int_ratio'])
220.     sec5_sum = sec5['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
221.     sec5_antall = sec5[['OBI_SEC_ID']].drop_duplicates('OBI_SEC_ID').reset_index
(drop=True)
222.
223.     sec6 = dfbuyback1.query('Dummy_sector == 6')
224.     avg_sec6 = (sec6['Int_ratio'].sum())/len(sec6['Int_ratio'])
225.     sec6_sum = sec6['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
226.     sec6_antall = sec6[['OBI_SEC_ID']].drop_duplicates('OBI_SEC_ID').reset_index
(drop=True)
227.
228.     sec7 = dfbuyback1.query('Dummy_sector == 7')
229.     avg_sec7 = (sec7['Int_ratio'].sum())/len(sec7['Int_ratio'])
230.     sec7_sum = sec7['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
231.     sec7_antall = sec7[['OBI_SEC_ID']].drop_duplicates('OBI_SEC_ID').reset_index
(drop=True)
232.
233.     sec8 = dfbuyback1.query('Dummy_sector == 8')
234.     avg_sec8 = (sec8['Int_ratio'].sum())/len(sec8['Int_ratio'])

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235.     sec8_sum = sec8['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
236.     sec8_antall = sec8[['OBI_SEC_ID']].drop_duplicates('OBI_SEC_ID').reset_index
(drop=True)
237.
238.     sec9 = dfbuyback1.query('Dummy_sector == 9')
239.     avg_sec9 = (sec9['Int_ratio'].sum())/len(sec9['Int_ratio'])
240.     sec9_sum = sec9['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
241.     sec9_antall = sec9[['OBI_SEC_ID']].drop_duplicates('OBI_SEC_ID').reset_index
(drop=True)
242.
243.     sec10 = dfbuyback1.query('Dummy_sector == 10')
244.     avg_sec10 = (sec10['Int_ratio'].sum())/len(sec10['Int_ratio'])
245.     sec10_sum = sec10['Verdi_tilbakekjøp'].sum()
246.     sec10_antall = sec10[['OBI_SEC_ID']].drop_duplicates('OBI_SEC_ID').reset_ind
ex(drop=True)
247.
248.     #Høyest int_ratio er sec9, sec4 og sec1
249.     #Lavest int_ratio er sec10, sec6 og sec5
250.     #%%Tilbakekjøp per sector
251.
252.     sec_main1 = dato_events.query('Dummy_sector == 1')
253.     sec_main2 = dato_events.query('Dummy_sector == 2')
254.     sec_main3 = dato_events.query('Dummy_sector == 3')
255.     sec_main4 = dato_events.query('Dummy_sector == 4')
256.     sec_main5 = dato_events.query('Dummy_sector == 5')
257.     sec_main6 = dato_events.query('Dummy_sector == 6')
258.     sec_main7 = dato_events.query('Dummy_sector == 7')
259.     sec_main8 = dato_events.query('Dummy_sector == 8')
260.     sec_main9 = dato_events.query('Dummy_sector == 9')
261.     sec_main10 = dato_events.query('Dummy_sector == 10')
262.
263.
264.
265.     #%% Finne aktuelle tilbakekjøp
266.
267.     # Extract unique values from list
268.     def unique(list1):
269.         """Returns all unique items in a list"""
270.         return list(set(list1))
271.
272.     my_events = dict()
273.     for i in dfbuyback1.OBI_SEC_ID.unique():
274.         my_events[i] = dfbuyback1.loc[dfbuyback1['OBI_SEC_ID'].isin([i]).copy()
275.
276.         unique([1,1,3])
277.         dato_events = pd.DataFrame()
278.         counter = 1
279.         unique_sec_ids = unique(dfbuyback1['OBI_SEC_ID'])
280.
281.         for obi_id in unique_sec_ids:
282.             print("Starting iteration: ", counter, " of ", len(unique_sec_ids))
283.             counter += 1
284.             df = my_events[obi_id].sort_values( by = ['Date'], ascending = True)
285.
286.             # Loop for each company
287.             used_dates = []
288.             for i, rows in df.iterrows():
289.                 dato = rows['Date']
290.
291.                 if dato not in used_dates:
292.                     array = df.loc[(df['Date'] <= dato + timedelta(days=30)) & (df['
Date'] >= dato)]
293.                     #Gå på index, finne neste obs etter denne datoen
294.                     dato_events = dato_events.append(rows)
295.

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296.         for j in range(0,30):
297.             used_dates.append(dato + timedelta(days=j))
298.
299.         ###
300.         dato_events = dfbuyback1
301.
302.         test = pd.merge(df2010,dato_events, on=['OBI_SEC_ID', 'Date'], how='outer')
303.
304.         dato_events =
305.
306.         for i in buyback_id1():
307.             common = pd.merge(dato_events,my_dict,on=['Date'])
308.
309.
310.         print(common)
311.         df1[(~df1.col1.isin(common.col1))&(~df1.col2.isin(common.col2))]
312.             col1 col2
313.             0    1    10
314.             1    2    11
315.             2    3    12
316.
317.         ### Antall observasjoner og antall observasjoner per selskap
318.
319.         antall_buyback_events = len(dato_events)
320.
321.         count = dato_events['OBI_SEC_ID'].value_counts()
322.         sum_count = count.sum()
323.
324.
325.         ### Steg 2:
326.
327.         dfbuyback_events = pd.DataFrame(columns=dffinal.columns)
328.
329.         for index, rows in dato_events.iterrows():
330.             temp = rows.copy()
331.             secid = temp["OBI_SEC_ID"]
332.             date = temp["Date"]
333.
334.             idag = dffinal[(dffinal.Date == date) & (dffinal.OBI_SEC_ID == secid)].i
index
335.                 #igar = dffinal.iloc[idag-1]
336.                 #igar2 = dffinal.iloc[idag-2]
337.                 #igar3 = dffinal.iloc[idag-3]
338.                 #igar4 = dffinal.iloc[idag-4]
339.                 #igar5 = dffinal.iloc[idag-5]
340.                 #igar6 = dffinal.iloc[idag-6]
341.                 #igar7 = dffinal.iloc[idag-7]
342.                 #igar8 = dffinal.iloc[idag-8]
343.                 #igar9 = dffinal.iloc[idag-9]
344.                 #igar10 = dffinal.iloc[idag-10]
345.
346.                 imara = dffinal.iloc[idag+1]
347.                 imara2 = dffinal.iloc[idag+2]
348.                 #imara3 = dffinal.iloc[idag+3]
349.                 #imara4 = dffinal.iloc[idag+4]
350.                 #imara5 = dffinal.iloc[idag+5]
351.                 #imara6 = dffinal.iloc[idag+6]
352.                 #imara7 = dffinal.iloc[idag+7]
353.                 #imara8 = dffinal.iloc[idag+8]
354.                 #imara9 = dffinal.iloc[idag+9]
355.                 #imara10 = dffinal.iloc[idag+10]
356.                 #imara11 = dffinal.iloc[idag+11]
357.                 dagens = dffinal.iloc[idag]
358.
359.

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360.         tmp = pd.DataFrame(columns=dffinal.columns)
361.         #tmp = tmp.append(igar10, ignore_index= True)
362.         #tmp = tmp.append(igar9, ignore_index= True)
363.         #tmp = tmp.append(igar8, ignore_index= True)
364.         #tmp = tmp.append(igar7, ignore_index= True)
365.         #tmp = tmp.append(igar6, ignore_index= True)
366.         #tmp = tmp.append(igar5, ignore_index= True)
367.         #tmp = tmp.append(igar4, ignore_index= True)
368.         #tmp = tmp.append(igar3, ignore_index= True)
369.         #tmp = tmp.append(igar2, ignore_index= True)
370.         #tmp = tmp.append(igar, ignore_index= True)
371.         tmp = tmp.append(dagens, ignore_index= True)
372.         tmp = tmp.append(imara, ignore_index = True)
373.         tmp = tmp.append(imara2, ignore_index = True)
374.         #tmp = tmp.append(imara3, ignore_index = True)
375.         #tmp = tmp.append(imara4, ignore_index = True)
376.         #tmp = tmp.append(imara5, ignore_index = True)
377.         #tmp = tmp.append(imara6, ignore_index = True)
378.         #tmp = tmp.append(imara7, ignore_index = True)
379.         #tmp = tmp.append(imara8, ignore_index = True)
380.         #tmp = tmp.append(imara9, ignore_index = True)
381.         #tmp = tmp.append(imara10, ignore_index = True)
382.         #tmp = tmp.append(imara11, ignore_index = True)
383.         tmp['Event date'] = date
384.         tmp['Buyback ID'] = str(secid) + '_' + str(date)
385.
386.         dfbuyback_events = dfbuyback_events.append(tmp, ignore_index = True)
387.
388.
389.
390.         dfbuyback_events['Event_date'] = 1
391.         dfbuyback_events = dfbuyback_events.sort_values(by = ['Buyback ID'], ascending = True)
392.         #dfbuyback_events = dfbuyback_events.drop_duplicates(subset=['OBI_SEC_ID', 'Date'])
393.
394.
395.         ### Tester resultater
396.
397.         test = dfbuyback_events['Buyback ID'].value_counts()
398.
399.         #Finner event som ikke er med i dato_events
400.         #test1 = dato_events[~dato_events['Date'].isin(dfbuyback_events['Date'])]
401.
402.         ### Steg 3, Steg 4 og Steg 5:
403.
404.         # For loop som går gjennom alle unike OBI_SEC_ID fra df_merged_events, gjennomfører regresjon
405.         # og lagrer på en ny dict.Nå med training 365 dager på beta estimering og al pha.
406.
407.         my_dict = dict()
408.         my_dict2 = dict()
409.
410.         for i in dato_events.OBI_SEC_ID.unique():
411.             my_dict[i] = dffinal.loc[dffinal['OBI_SEC_ID'].isin([i])].copy()
412.
413.         my_params = dict()
414.         my_params1 = dict()
415.         my_params2 = dict()
416.         my_resids = dict()
417.         my_autocorr = dict()
418.
419.         days_trailing = 365
420.         buyback_id = ''
421.

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422.     buyback_id1 = []
423.     Num =[]
424.     for date, obi_id in zip(dato_events['Date'], dato_events['OBI_SEC_ID']):
425.         buyback_id = str(obi_id) + '_' + str(date)
426.         #beta
427.         y = my_dict[obi_id].loc[ (my_dict[obi_id]['Date']<=date- timedelta(days=
10)) & (my_dict[obi_id]['Date']>=date - timedelta(days=365))]['Return']
428.         x = my_dict[obi_id].loc[ (my_dict[obi_id]['Date']<=date- timedelta(days=
10)) & (my_dict[obi_id]['Date']>=date - timedelta(days=365))]['ReturnOSEAX']
429.         x = sm.add_constant(x)
430.         model = sm.OLS(y, x).fit()
431.         my_params[buyback_id] = model.params
432.
433.         #Lagged beta(-1) on market returns
434.         y1 = my_dict[obi_id].loc[ (my_dict[obi_id]['Date']<=date- timedelta(days
=10)) & (my_dict[obi_id]['Date']>=date - timedelta(days=365))]['Return']
435.         y1.drop(y1.tail(1).index,inplace=True)
436.         x1 = x.shift(-1)
437.         x1.drop(x1.tail(1).index,inplace=True)
438.         model1 = sm.OLS(y1, x1).fit()
439.         my_params1[buyback_id] = model1.params
440.
441.         # Lead beta (1) on market returns
442.         y2 = my_dict[obi_id].loc[ (my_dict[obi_id]['Date']<=date- timedelta(days
=10)) & (my_dict[obi_id]['Date']>=date - timedelta(days=365))]['Return']
443.         y2.drop(y2.head(1).index,inplace=True)
444.         x2 = x.shift(1)
445.         x2.drop(x1.head(1).index,inplace=True)
446.         model2 = sm.OLS(y2, x2).fit()
447.         my_params2[buyback_id] = model2.params
448.
449.         #print("buybackid: " + buyback_id + " , antall obs: " + str(model.nobs))
450.         my_resids[buyback_id] = pd.DataFrame(model.params[0]+model.resid,columns
={'AR'})
451.         my_dict2[buyback_id] = pd.merge(my_dict[obi_id],my_resids[buyback_id],le
ft_index=True,right_index=True)
452.         Num1 = (np.count_nonzero(my_dict2[buyback_id]['Return']))
453.         Num.append(Num1)
454.         buyback_id1.append(buyback_id)
455.
456.         t_return_oseax = my_dict2[buyback_id]['ReturnOSEAX']
457.         my_autocorr[buyback_id] = t_return_oseax.autocorr(1)
458.
459.
460.         return_oseax = dict()
461.         for k in my_params:
462.             return_oseax[k] = my_params[k].ReturnOSEAX
463.
464.
465.         #Konverterer liste til dataframe og ta bort tilbakekj p med under 50% tradin
g days
466.
467.         Num = pd.DataFrame(Num, columns =['Num'])
468.         buyback_id1 = pd.DataFrame(buyback_id1, columns =['Buyback ID'])
469.         t_obs_count = pd.merge(buyback_id1, Num, left_index = True, right_index = Tr
ue)
470.
471.         #Tar bort observasjoner grunnet for lite data for   predikere beta
472.         t_obs_count_1 = t_obs_count[t_obs_count['Num'] >= 125]
473.         #t_obs_count_test = t_obs_count[t_obs_count['Num'] >= 125]
474.
475.         # Tester hvor mange selskaper som blir tatt bort pga kravet om 125 trading d
ays
476.         test_3 = pd.merge(dfbuyback_events, t_obs_count_1, on = ['Buyback ID'], how
= 'inner' )

```



```

477.     t_obs_count_1_antall = test_3[['OBI_SEC_ID']].drop_duplicates('OBI_SEC_ID').
      reset_index(drop=True)
478.
479.     %% Calculating Expected Return using the market model and calculating Abnor
      mal Return
480.
481.     dfbuyback_events['AR'] = 'nan'
482.
483.     t_exp = []
484.     t_A = []
485.     t_B = []
486.     #dfbuyback_events = dfbuyback_events.reset_index()
487.     #del dfbuyback_events['index']
488.
489.
490.     for bb_id, index in zip(dfbuyback_events['Buyback ID'], dfbuyback_events.ind
      ex):
491.         t_alpha = my_params[bb_id][0]
492.         t_beta = (my_params[bb_id][1] + my_params1[bb_id][1] + my_params2[bb_id]
      [1])/(1+2*my_autocorr[bb_id])
493.         t_mkt_ret = dfbuyback_events.loc[index]['ReturnOSEAX']
494.         Exp = t_alpha + t_beta * t_mkt_ret
495.         t_exp.append(Exp)
496.         #t_A.append(t_alpha)
497.         #t_B.append(t_beta)
498.
499.         dfbuyback_events['expected_return'] = t_exp
500.         dfbuyback_events['AR'] = dfbuyback_events['Return'] - dfbuyback_events['expe
      cted_return']
501.         #dfbuyback_events['Alpha'] = t_A
502.         #dfbuyback_events['Beta'] = t_B
503.
504.         %% Simple beta estimation
505.
506.         dfbuyback_events['AR'] = 'nan'
507.
508.         t_exp = []
509.         t_A = []
510.         t_B = []
511.         #dfbuyback_events = dfbuyback_events.reset_index()
512.         #del dfbuyback_events['index']
513.
514.
515.         for bb_id, index in zip(dfbuyback_events['Buyback ID'], dfbuyback_events.ind
      ex):
516.             t_alpha = my_params[bb_id][0]
517.             t_beta = my_params[bb_id][1]
518.             t_mkt_ret = dfbuyback_events.loc[index]['ReturnOSEAX']
519.             Exp = t_alpha + t_beta * t_mkt_ret
520.             t_exp.append(Exp)
521.             #t_A.append(t_alpha)
522.             #t_B.append(t_beta)
523.
524.             dfbuyback_events['expected_return'] = t_exp
525.             dfbuyback_events['AR'] = dfbuyback_events['Return'] - dfbuyback_events['expe
      cted_return']
526.             #dfbuyback_events['Alpha'] = t_A
527.             #dfbuyback_events['Beta'] = t_B
528.
529.             %% Test
530.
531.             bb_id="16511.0_2018-12-04"
532.             t_alpha = my_params[bb_id][0]
533.             t_beta = my_params[bb_id][1]
534.             t_oseax = dfbuyback_events['ReturnOSEAX'][670]
535.

```

```

536.     t_ExReturn = t_alpha + t_beta * t_oseax
537.     t_AR1 = dfbuyback_events['Return'][670]
538.
539.     t_mkt_ret = dfbuyback_events.loc[670]['ReturnOSEAX']
540.
541.
542.     %% Calculating averag CAR and test the significance
543.     dfbuyback_events.sort_values(by=['Buyback ID', 'Date'], inplace=True)
544.
545.     #Lage ny dataframe for å gjøre analyse av CAR
546.     my_CAR = dfbuyback_events[['OBI_SEC_ID', 'Date', 'Return', 'AR', 'Buyback ID']]
547.
548.     my_CAR.sort_values(by=['Buyback ID', 'Date'], inplace=True)
549.     my_CAR1 = my_CAR.dropna().reset_index(drop = True)
550.
551.     # Legge sammen 3 og 3 for å finne CAR
552.     my_CAR1['CAR'] = my_CAR1.groupby(my_CAR1.index // 3)['AR'].transform('sum')[
lambda x: ~(x.duplicated(keep='last'))]
553.     dfbuyback_events['CAR'] = dfbuyback_events.groupby(dfbuyback_events.index //
3)['AR'].transform('sum')[lambda x: ~(x.duplicated(keep='last'))]
554.
555.     # Extract all rows with numbers in the CAR Column
556.     my_CAR1 = my_CAR1.dropna().reset_index(drop = True)
557.     my_CAR2 = pd.merge(my_CAR1, t_obs_count_1, on = ['Buyback ID'], how = 'inner'
)
558.
559.     #Estimated average CAR across all firms
560.
561.     #Sum of CAR in list/ length of my_events2
562.     AvgCAR = (my_CAR2['CAR'].sum())/len(my_CAR2['CAR'])
563.
564.     #test_sumCAR = dfbuyback_events['AR'].sum()
565.     #test_avgCAR = test_sumCAR / 691
566.
567.
568.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
569.     import pingouin as pg
570.     ttest_sample = my_CAR2['CAR']
571.     Two_sided_test = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample,y=0)
572.
573.     %% Filtrer to grupper med mange og få transaksjoner
574.     my_CAR4 = my_CAR2
575.
576.     #Reelle etter 30-day filter
577.     test4 = my_CAR4['OBI_SEC_ID'].value_counts()
578.     test4 = test4.reset_index()
579.     test4.columns = ['OBI_SEC_ID', 'Events']
580.     test5 = pd.merge(my_CAR4, test4, on = ['OBI_SEC_ID'])
581.
582.     #filtrer på antall obs
583.     High_events = test5.loc[(test5['Events'] >= 6)]
584.     High_events = High_events['OBI_SEC_ID']
585.     High_events = High_events.drop_duplicates()
586.
587.     Low_events = test5.loc[(test5['Events'] <= 5)]
588.     Low_events = Low_events['OBI_SEC_ID']
589.     Low_events = Low_events.drop_duplicates()
590.
591.     my_CAR_high = pd.merge(High_events, my_CAR4, on = ['OBI_SEC_ID'], how = 'inn
er')
592.     my_CAR_low = pd.merge(Low_events, my_CAR4, on = ['OBI_SEC_ID'], how = 'inner
')
593.
594.
595.

```

```

596.         #Average CAR for both high and low events
597.         AvgCAR_high = (my_CAR_high['CAR'].sum())/len(my_CAR_high['CAR'])
598.         AvgCAR_low = (my_CAR_low['CAR'].sum())/len(my_CAR_low['CAR'])
599.
600.
601.
602.         # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
603.         import pingouin as pg
604.
605.         ttest_sample = my_CAR_high['CAR']
606.         Two_sided_test_high = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample,y=0)
607.
608.         ttest_sample = my_CAR_low['CAR']
609.         Two_sided_test_low = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample,y=0)
610.
611.
612.
613.         ### Ny my_CAR som inneholder både int_ratio og CAR
614.
615.
616.         my_CAR2 = dfbuyback_events[['OBI_SEC_ID', 'Date', 'Return', 'AR', 'Buyback ID', '
Int_ratio']]
617.         my_CAR2 = my_CAR2.dropna().reset_index(drop = True)
618.         my_CAR2 = my_CAR2[['Buyback ID', 'Int_ratio']]
619.         my_CAR2 = pd.merge(my_CAR2, my_CAR1, on = ['Buyback ID'], how = 'inner')
620.         my_CAR2 = my_CAR2.drop_duplicates(['Buyback ID'])
621.         my_CAR2 = pd.merge(my_CAR2, t_obs_count_1, on = ['Buyback ID'], how = 'inner'
)
622.
623.
624.         ### Univariate analysis using OLS with CAR(-1,1) = alpha + Beta*Int_ratio
625.
626.         y = my_CAR2['CAR']
627.         x = my_CAR2['Int_ratio']
628.         x = sm.add_constant(x)
629.         model_int = sm.OLS(y, x).fit()
630.         int_model = model_int.params
631.         print(model_int.summary())
632.
633.         Avgint = (my_CAR2['Int_ratio'].sum())/len(my_CAR2['Int_ratio'])
634.
635.         ### Beregnet CAR for alle events med både int_ratio og sectorer
636.
637.         my_CAR3 = dfbuyback_events[['OBI_SEC_ID', 'Date', 'Return', 'AR', 'Buyback ID', '
Dummy_sector', 'Int_ratio']]
638.         t_sector = my_CAR3[['Buyback ID', 'Dummy_sector']]
639.         t_sector = t_sector.dropna()
640.         t_int_ratio = my_CAR3[['Buyback ID', 'Int_ratio']]
641.         t_int_ratio = t_int_ratio.dropna()
642.         t_merge = pd.merge(t_sector, t_int_ratio, on = ['Buyback ID'])
643.         t_merge = t_merge.drop_duplicates(['Buyback ID'])
644.         del my_CAR3['Dummy_sector']
645.         del my_CAR3['Int_ratio']
646.         my_CAR3['CAR'] = my_CAR3.groupby(my_CAR3.index // 3)['AR'].transform('sum')[
lambda x: ~(x.duplicated(keep='last'))]
647.         my_CAR3 = my_CAR3.dropna()
648.         my_CAR3 = pd.merge(my_CAR3, t_merge, on= ['Buyback ID'], how = 'inner')
649.         my_CAR3 = my_CAR3.drop_duplicates(['Buyback ID'])
650.         my_CAR3 = pd.merge(my_CAR3, t_obs_count_1, on = ['Buyback ID'], how = 'inner'
)
651.
652.         ### Hypotesis test for top 3 high int_ratio sectors
653.
654.         t_high9 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 6')
655.         t_high1 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 9')
656.         t_high4 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 3')

```

```

657.     t_high5 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 2')
658.
659.
660.
661.     high_int = pd.concat([t_high9,t_high1], sort=False)
662.     high_int = pd.concat([high_int,t_high4], sort=False)
663.     high_int = pd.concat([high_int,t_high5], sort=False)
664.
665.
666.     avg_high = (high_int['CAR'].sum())/len(high_int['CAR'])
667.
668.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
669.     ttest_sample_high = high_int['CAR']
670.     Two_sided_test_high = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_high,y=0)
671.
672.     ### Hypotesis test for top 3 low int_ratio sectors
673.
674.     t_low6 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 10')
675.     t_low10 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 4')
676.     t_low5 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 8')
677.     t_low8 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 7')
678.
679.     low_int = pd.concat([t_low6,t_low10], sort=False)
680.     low_int = pd.concat([low_int,t_low5], sort=False)
681.     low_int = pd.concat([low_int, t_low8], sort=False)
682.
683.     avg_low = (low_int['CAR'].sum())/len(low_int['CAR'])
684.
685.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
686.     ttest_sample_low = low_int['CAR']
687.     Two_sided_test_low = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_low,y=0)
688.
689.     ### Test
690.
691.     t_high1 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 1')
692.     #t_high2 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 2')
693.     #t_high3 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 3')
694.     #t_high4 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 4')
695.     #t_high5 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 5')
696.     #t_high6 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 6')
697.     #t_high7 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 7')
698.     #t_high8 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 8')
699.     #t_high9 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 9')
700.     #t_high10 = my_CAR3.query('Dummy_sector == 10')
701.
702.     high_int = t_high1
703.     #high_int = pd.concat([t_high1,t_high2], sort=False)
704.     #high_int = pd.concat([high_int,t_high3], sort=False)
705.     #high_int = pd.concat([high_int,t_high4], sort=False)
706.     #high_int = pd.concat([high_int,t_high5], sort=False)
707.     #high_int = pd.concat([high_int,t_high6], sort=False)
708.     #high_int = pd.concat([high_int,t_high7], sort=False)
709.     #high_int = pd.concat([high_int,t_high8], sort=False)
710.     #high_int = pd.concat([high_int,t_high9], sort=False)
711.     #high_int = pd.concat([high_int,t_high10], sort=False)
712.
713.
714.     avg_high = (high_int['CAR'].sum())/len(high_int['CAR'])
715.
716.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
717.     ttest_sample_high = high_int['CAR']
718.     Two_sided_test_high = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_high,y=0)
719.
720.     ###
721.     my_CAR.rename(columns={'Buyback ID':'bb_id'}, inplace=True)
722.     my_CAR_dict = dict()

```

```

723.     for i in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
724.         my_CAR_dict[i] = my_CAR.loc[my_CAR['bb_id'].isin([i])].copy()
725.
726.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
727.         del my_CAR_dict[k]['Return']
728.         del my_CAR_dict[k]['OBI_SEC_ID']
729.         del my_CAR_dict[k]['Date']
730.         del my_CAR_dict[k]['bb_id']
731.
732.     ### AR for -10
733.     list_neg10 = []
734.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
735.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[0]
736.         list_neg10.append(tmp)
737.
738.     neg10 = pd.DataFrame(list_neg10)
739.
740.     avg_neg10 = (neg10['AR'].sum())/len(neg10['AR'])
741.
742.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
743.     ttest_sample_neg10 = neg10['AR']
744.     Two_sided_test_neg10 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_neg10,y=0)
745.
746.     ### AR for -9
747.     list_neg9 = []
748.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
749.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[1]
750.         list_neg9.append(tmp)
751.
752.     neg9 = pd.DataFrame(list_neg9)
753.
754.     avg_neg9 = (neg9['AR'].sum())/len(neg9['AR'])
755.
756.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
757.     ttest_sample_neg9 = neg9['AR']
758.     Two_sided_test_neg9 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_neg9,y=0)
759.
760.     ### AR for -8
761.     list_neg8 = []
762.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
763.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[2]
764.         list_neg8.append(tmp)
765.
766.     neg8 = pd.DataFrame(list_neg8)
767.
768.     avg_neg8 = (neg8['AR'].sum())/len(neg8['AR'])
769.
770.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
771.     ttest_sample_neg8 = neg8['AR']
772.     Two_sided_test_neg8 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_neg8,y=0)
773.
774.     ### AR for -7
775.     list_neg7 = []
776.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
777.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[3]
778.         list_neg7.append(tmp)
779.
780.     neg7 = pd.DataFrame(list_neg7)
781.
782.     avg_neg7 = (neg7['AR'].sum())/len(neg7['AR'])
783.
784.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
785.     ttest_sample_neg7 = neg7['AR']
786.     Two_sided_test_neg7 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_neg7,y=0)
787.
788.     ### AR for -6

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```

789.     list_neg6 = []
790.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
791.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[4]
792.         list_neg6.append(tmp)
793.
794.     neg6 = pd.DataFrame(list_neg6)
795.
796.     avg_neg6 = (neg6['AR'].sum())/len(neg6['AR'])
797.
798.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
799.     ttest_sample_neg6 = neg6['AR']
800.     Two_sided_test_neg6 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_neg6,y=0)
801.
802.     ### AR for -5
803.     list_neg5 = []
804.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
805.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[5]
806.         list_neg5.append(tmp)
807.
808.     neg5 = pd.DataFrame(list_neg5)
809.
810.     avg_neg5 = (neg5['AR'].sum())/len(neg5['AR'])
811.
812.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
813.     ttest_sample_neg5 = neg5['AR']
814.     Two_sided_test_neg5 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_neg5,y=0)
815.
816.     ### AR for -4
817.     list_neg4 = []
818.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
819.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[6]
820.         list_neg4.append(tmp)
821.
822.     neg4 = pd.DataFrame(list_neg4)
823.
824.     avg_neg4 = (neg4['AR'].sum())/len(neg4['AR'])
825.
826.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
827.     ttest_sample_neg4 = neg4['AR']
828.     Two_sided_test_neg4 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_neg4,y=0)
829.
830.     ### AR for -3
831.     list_neg3 = []
832.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
833.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[7]
834.         list_neg3.append(tmp)
835.
836.     neg3 = pd.DataFrame(list_neg3)
837.
838.     avg_neg3 = (neg3['AR'].sum())/len(neg3['AR'])
839.
840.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
841.     ttest_sample_neg3 = neg3['AR']
842.     Two_sided_test_neg3 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_neg3,y=0)
843.
844.     ### AR for -2
845.     list_neg2 = []
846.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
847.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[8]
848.         list_neg2.append(tmp)
849.
850.     neg2 = pd.DataFrame(list_neg2)
851.
852.     avg_neg2 = (neg2['AR'].sum())/len(neg2['AR'])
853.
854.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0

```

```

855.     ttest_sample_neg2 = neg2['AR']
856.     Two_sided_test_neg2 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_neg2,y=0)
857.
858.     ### AR for -1
859.     list_neg1 = []
860.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
861.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[9]
862.         list_neg1.append(tmp)
863.
864.     neg1 = pd.DataFrame(list_neg1)
865.
866.     avg_neg1 = (neg1['AR'].sum())/len(neg1['AR'])
867.
868.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
869.     ttest_sample_neg1 = neg1['AR']
870.     Two_sided_test_neg1 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_neg1,y=0)
871.
872.     ### AR for 0
873.     list_neg0 = []
874.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
875.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[10]
876.         list_neg0.append(tmp)
877.
878.     neg0 = pd.DataFrame(list_neg0)
879.
880.     avg_neg0 = (neg0['AR'].sum())/len(neg0['AR'])
881.
882.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
883.     ttest_sample_neg0 = neg0['AR']
884.     Two_sided_test_neg0 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_neg0,y=0)
885.
886.     ### AR for 1
887.     list_pos1 = []
888.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
889.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[11]
890.         list_pos1.append(tmp)
891.
892.     pos1 = pd.DataFrame(list_pos1)
893.
894.     avg_pos1 = (pos1['AR'].sum())/len(pos1['AR'])
895.
896.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
897.     ttest_sample_pos1 = pos1['AR']
898.     Two_sided_test_pos1 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_pos1,y=0)
899.
900.     ### AR for 2
901.     list_pos2 = []
902.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
903.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[12]
904.         list_pos2.append(tmp)
905.
906.     pos2 = pd.DataFrame(list_pos2)
907.
908.     avg_pos2 = (pos2['AR'].sum())/len(pos2['AR'])
909.
910.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
911.     ttest_sample_pos2 = pos2['AR']
912.     Two_sided_test_pos2 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_pos2,y=0)
913.
914.     ### AR for 3
915.     list_pos3 = []
916.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
917.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[13]
918.         list_pos3.append(tmp)
919.
920.     pos3 = pd.DataFrame(list_pos3)

```

```

921.
922.     avg_pos3 = (pos3['AR'].sum())/len(pos3['AR'])
923.
924.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
925.     ttest_sample_pos3 = pos3['AR']
926.     Two_sided_test_pos3 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_pos3,y=0)
927.
928.     ### AR for 4
929.     list_pos4 = []
930.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
931.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[14]
932.         list_pos4.append(tmp)
933.
934.     pos4 = pd.DataFrame(list_pos4)
935.
936.     avg_pos4 = (pos4['AR'].sum())/len(pos4['AR'])
937.
938.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
939.     ttest_sample_pos4 = pos4['AR']
940.     Two_sided_test_pos4 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_pos4,y=0)
941.
942.     ### AR for 5
943.     list_pos5 = []
944.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
945.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[15]
946.         list_pos5.append(tmp)
947.
948.     pos5 = pd.DataFrame(list_pos5)
949.
950.     avg_pos5 = (pos5['AR'].sum())/len(pos5['AR'])
951.
952.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
953.     ttest_sample_pos5 = pos5['AR']
954.     Two_sided_test_pos5 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_pos5,y=0)
955.
956.     ### AR for 6
957.     list_pos6 = []
958.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
959.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[16]
960.         list_pos6.append(tmp)
961.
962.     pos6 = pd.DataFrame(list_pos6)
963.
964.     avg_pos6 = (pos6['AR'].sum())/len(pos6['AR'])
965.
966.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
967.     ttest_sample_pos6 = pos6['AR']
968.     Two_sided_test_pos6 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_pos6,y=0)
969.
970.     ### AR for 7
971.     list_pos7 = []
972.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
973.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[17]
974.         list_pos7.append(tmp)
975.
976.     pos7 = pd.DataFrame(list_pos7)
977.
978.     avg_pos7 = (pos7['AR'].sum())/len(pos7['AR'])
979.
980.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
981.     ttest_sample_pos7 = pos7['AR']
982.     Two_sided_test_pos7 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_pos7,y=0)
983.
984.     ### AR for 8
985.     list_pos8 = []
986.     for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():

```



```

987.         tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[18]
988.         list_pos8.append(tmp)
989.
990.     pos8 = pd.DataFrame(list_pos8)
991.
992.     avg_pos8 = (pos8['AR'].sum())/len(pos8['AR'])
993.
994.     # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
995.     ttest_sample_pos8 = pos8['AR']
996.     Two_sided_test_pos8 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_pos8,y=0)
997.
998.     %% AR for 9
999.     list_pos9 = []
1000.    for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
1001.        tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[19]
1002.        list_pos9.append(tmp)
1003.
1004.    pos9 = pd.DataFrame(list_pos9)
1005.
1006.    avg_pos9 = (pos9['AR'].sum())/len(pos9['AR'])
1007.
1008.    # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
1009.    ttest_sample_pos9 = pos9['AR']
1010.    Two_sided_test_pos9 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_pos9,y=0)
1011.
1012.    %% AR for 10
1013.    list_pos10 = []
1014.    for k in my_CAR.bb_id.unique():
1015.        tmp = my_CAR_dict[k].iloc[20]
1016.        list_pos10.append(tmp)
1017.
1018.    pos10 = pd.DataFrame(list_pos10)
1019.
1020.    avg_pos10 = (pos10['AR'].sum())/len(pos10['AR'])
1021.
1022.    # PerformTwo-sided t-test with H0: CAR=0 H1: CAR not equal 0
1023.    ttest_sample_pos10 = pos10['AR']
1024.    Two_sided_test_pos10 = pg.ttest(x=ttest_sample_pos10,y=0)

```